



Houston Independent School District

ASTHMA ACTION PLAN/IHP

Student's Name: _____ Date of birth: _____ Student ID Number: _____ Grade: _____ Medication Allergies: _____

Asthma symptoms are triggered by: ☐ Exercise ☐ Illness ☐ Pollen ☐ Smoke ☐ Air Pollution ☐ Animals ☐ Cold Air ☐ Molds ☐ Foods (list) _____

☐ Other (list) _____

If a student has any of the following symptoms: chest tightness, difficulty breathing, wheezing, excessive coughing, shortness of breath:

1. **Stop activity & help student to a sitting position**
2. **Stay calm, reassure student**
3. **Assist student with the use of their inhaler**
4. **Escort student to the school clinic or call for nurse for immediate assistance. Never send the student to the clinic alone!**

INHALER IS KEPT: ☐ In School Clinic ☐ Self Carry

CALL 911 FOR ANY OF THESE!

- **If breathing does not improve after medication is given**
- **Student is having trouble walking or talking**
- **Student is struggling to breathe**
- **Student's chest and/or neck is pulling in while breathing**
- **Student's lips are blue, and/or**
- **Student must hunch over to breathe**

HEALTH CARE PROVIDER, Please complete all items in box:

Asthma Severity: ☐ Intermittent ☐ Mild persistent ☐ Moderate persistent ☐ Severe persistent

Controller Medication given at home: _____

Name of Medication 1/How much?/How often?

Name of Medication 2/How much?/How often?

GREEN ZONE	*Peak Flow _____ 80 to 100% of personal best Asthma Symptoms • No Cough, wheeze or shortness of breath • Able to do all normal activities including exercise and play • No symptoms at night • No need for quick relief medications for symptoms Exercise Induced Asthma: Use quick relief inhaler before exercise as ordered below: _____ Name of medication/How much/How often _____	YELLOW ZONE	*Peak Flow _____ 50 to 80% of personal best Asthma Symptoms • Coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, or chest tightness • Using quick relief medication more than usual • Can do some but not all of usual activities • Asthma night time symptoms Add or change these medications (see below): _____ Name of medication/How much/How often _____ ☐ nebulizer _____ Parent/guardian-call medical provider if using quick relief medication more than twice a week or no symptom improvement	RED ZONE	*Peak Flow _____ Less than 50% of personal best Asthma Symptoms • Medication unavailable or not working • Getting worse not better • Breathing hard and fast • Chest/neck pulling in • Difficulty walking or talking • Lips or fingernails blue • Hunched over to breathe Take Quick Relief Medication Now! Call 911 & continue to give Quick Relief Medication every 20 minutes until EMS arrives! Add or change these medication (see below): _____ Name of medication/How much/How often _____ ☐ nebulizer _____ Other Emergency meds _____ Contact Parent & Provider-See Contact Info Below

Date: _____ **Provider signature** _____ **Provider Printed Name** _____

Provider phone _____ **Fax** _____ **Parent Signature** _____

SELF-ADMINISTRATION: ☐ **By checking THIS box AND signing ABOVE, the Health Care Provider and parent, give written authorization of permission for this child to self-carry and self-administer prescription asthma medication during school or at school-related events.**

Implementation of these orders and care includes authorization to contact and discuss this condition and elements of care with healthcare providers

Parent/Guardian signature _____ **Date** _____

Home phone/cell _____ **Work phone** _____ **Alternative contact #** _____

School Nurse Signature _____ **Date** _____ **Phone** _____ **Fax** _____

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Date: _____ Provider signature _____ Provider Printed Name _____
 Provider phone _____ Fax _____ Parent Signature _____
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Nombre del estudiante: _____ Fecha de nacimiento: _____ N° de identificación: _____ Grado: _____ Alergias a drogas: _____

Los síntomas del asma son debidos a: ☐ Ejercicio ☐ Enfermedad ☐ Polen ☐ Humo ☐ Contaminación del aire ☐ Animales ☐ Aire frío ☐ Mohos ☐ Comidas (Escriba) _____
☐ Otro (Escriba) _____

Si el estudiante tiene cualquiera de los siguientes síntomas: presión en el pecho, dificultad para respirar, jadeo, tos excesiva, respiración leve:

- 1. Detener actividad y ayudar al alumno a que se siente.**
- 2. Mantener la calma y confortar al estudiante**
- 3. Asistir al alumno con el uso del inhalador**
- 4. Escotar al alumno a la oficina de la enfermera o llamar inmediatamente a la Enfermera. ¡Nunca enviar al alumno solo a la oficina de la enfermera!**

EL INHALADOR ESTÁ: ☐ En la oficina de la enfermera ☐ Lo tiene el alumno

¡LLAME A 911 SI EL NIÑO TIENE CUALQUIERA DE ESTOS SÍNTOMAS!

- **La respiración no mejora después de tomar el medicamento.**
- **El alumno tiene dificultad para caminar y hablar.**
- **El estudiante tiene dificultad para respirar.**
- **El estudiante siente que el cuello y pecho se tensa al tratar de respirar.**
- **Los labios del alumno se ponen de color azulado.**
- **El alumno debe doblarse para tratar de respirar.**

MÉDICO O PROVEEDOR DE CUIDADOS DE SALUD

Complete todos los puntos en el casillero

Severidad del asma: ☐ Intermitente ☐ Persistente pero leve ☐ Persistente y moderada ☐ Persistente y severa

Medicamento para el control de la enfermedad en el hogar:

Nombre del primer medicamento/Cantidad/Frecuencia

Nombre del segundo medicamento/Cantidad/Frecuencia

Z O N A V E R D E	*Capacidad de respiración _____ De 80 a 100% de capacidad máxima	Z O N A A M A R I L L A	*Capacidad de respiración _____ De 50 de 80% de capacidad máxima	Z O N A R O J A	*Capacidad de respiración _____ Menos de 50% de capacidad máxima
	Síntomas del asma • No tiene tos, no jadea ni tiene dificultad para respirar. • Puede hacer todas las actividades normales, incluyendo jugar y hacer ejercicio. • No tiene síntomas a la noche. • No necesita medicamento para alivio rápido (inhalador) para eliminar los síntomas. Asma causada por ejercicios: Usa inhalador antes de ejercitar, según la siguiente orden médica: Nombre del medicamento/Cantidad/Frecuencia _____		Síntomas del asma • Toser, jadear, dificultad para respirar o presión en el pecho. • Usa más de lo usual el medicamento para alivio rápido (inhalador). • Puede hacer ciertas actividades. • Síntomas de asma en la noche. Agregar o cambiar estos medicamentos (Ver abajo): Nombre del medicamento/Cantidad/Frecuencia _____ ☐ nebulizador _____ El padre o tutor legal debe llamar al médico si se usa el medicamento para alivio rápido (inhalador) más de dos veces por semana o los síntomas no desaparecen.		Síntomas del asma • No hay medicamento disponible o no funciona • Empeorar • Respirar rápido y con esfuerzo • Presión en pecho y cuello • Dificultad para caminar o hablar • Labios y uñas azuladas • Doblar la espalda al respirar ¡Usar inmediatamente el medicamento para alivio rápido (inhalador)! Llamar al 911 y seguir tomando ese medicamento cada 20 minutos hasta que llegue personal de emergencia. Agregar o cambiar estos medicamentos (Ver abajo): Nombre del medicamento/Cantidad/Frecuencia _____ ☐ nebulizador _____ Otras drogas de emergencia _____ Contactar a padre y médico –Ver información abajo

Fecha: _____ Firma del médico _____ Nombre del Médico (en imprenta) _____

Teléfono (médico) _____ Fax _____ Firma del padre o tutor legal _____

AUTOADMINISTRACIÓN: ☐ **Al marcar ESTE casillero Y firmar ARRIBA, el médico y padre dan autorización escrita para que el niño lleve consigo y se auto suministre el medicamento prescrito para el asma durante el día escolar o en los eventos relacionados a la escuela.**

La implementación de estas órdenes y cuidados incluye la autorización para contractar y dialogar sobre esta enfermedad y su cuidado con los médicos y otros proveedores de salud

Firma del padre o tutor legal _____ **Fecha** _____

Teléfono del hogar/celular _____ **Teléfono del trabajo** _____ **Número de contacto adicional** _____

Firma de enfermera escolar _____ **Fecha** _____ **Teléfono** _____ **Fax** _____

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