Sakyadhita
12th Sakyadhita International Conference on Buddhist Women
Bangkok, Thailand
June 12-18, 2011

Conference Theme: LEADING TO LIBERATION

TRAVEL TO THAILAND
The weather in Bangkok is equally warm and toasty year-round with temperatures from 24 to 33°C (75 to 91°F) in June. Light cottons are recommended. Visitors to the Kingdom of Thailand need passports (valid for at least six months from the date of entry). Citizens from many countries may get tourist visa exemptions or visas on arrival.

HOW CAN I HELP?
Sponsor someone to attend the conference! Only with your help will nuns and laywomen from developing countries (Bangladesh, Bhutan, Burma, Cambodia, India, Laos, Mongolia, Nepal, Thailand, or Sri Lanka) be able to attend. Enlarge the circle of compassion – support a life-changing experience for a future Buddhist woman leader!

TEMPLE TOUR
The temple tour on July 19 will take us to Ayutthaya, the ancient capital of Thailand, an hour outside of Bangkok. Located at the confluence of three rivers, Ayutthaya was a grand center of trade and government from 1351 to 1767 CE. By 1700, it was described as the largest and wealthiest city in the world. Sadly, the city was razed to the ground during the Burmese invasion of 1767, yet Ayutthaya is still the epitome of Thailand’s unique cultural heritage and lifestyle. As Mae Chee Sansanee Sthirasuta’s hometown, this tour will be a rare opportunity to experience the richness and beauty of Thai art and culture through a personal lens.

DEADLINE FOR REGISTRATION
Registrations must be received by May 1. Space is limited, so register early. Email: sakyadhita@gmail.com
The Kingdom of Thailand is home to 65 million people. Its four geographical regions offer breathtaking natural beauty. Bangkok, with a population of 7 million, is the political, commercial, industrial, educational, and entertainment capital of the country. While the official language is Thai, English is spoken in major tourist locations. Ethnic Chinese, Indian, Malay, Mon, Khmer, Burmese, Lao, and other groups speak a wide variety of languages and dialects.

Thailand’s rich Buddhist legacy features the Grand Palace Temple and Emerald Buddha in Bangkok, the world heritage site in Ayutthaya, and Doi Suthep Temple outside Chiangmai. Attractions also include world-class beaches, river voyages, industrious elephants, botanical splendors, and trekking expeditions to tribal areas along the borders. World famous Thai cuisine tempts travelers with delicious tropical fruits, vegetarian delights, and an abundance of regional specialties.

Buddhism, the official religion, is evident everywhere in Thailand. Thousands of Buddhist images adorn innumerable temples (wats) that are home to a quarter of a million monks and nuns. Theravada Buddhism was introduced to Thailand during the Sukhothai period (13th century) and has enjoyed royal patronage ever since. The discourses of the Buddha (suttas) are chanted in Pāli and the Vinaya (monastic discipline) is held in high esteem. Saffron-robed monks on their daily alms round can be seen everywhere. The country’s religious diversity is evident among the animistic hill tribe populations and Muslim majority areas in the southern provinces that border Malaysia.