As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

S. B. No. 165

Senator Lehner Cosponsors: Senators Seitz, Jones

A BILL

То	amend sections 2133.02, 2133.21, 2133.211,	1
	2133.23, 2133.24, 2133.25, 2133.26, 3795.03, and	2
	4730.09; to amend, for the purpose of adopting	3
	new section numbers as indicated in parentheses,	4
	sections 2133.211 (2133.23), 2133.23 (2133.24),	5
	2133.24 (2133.25), 2133.25 (2133.26), and	6
	2133.26 (2133.27); to enact new section 2133.22	7
	and sections 2133.28, 2133.29, 2133.30, 2133.31,	8
	2133.32, 2133.33, 2133.34, 2133.35, 2133.36,	9
	2133.37, 2133.38, 2133.39, 2133.40, 2133.41,	10
	2133.42, 2133.43, 2133.44, 2133.45, 2133.46, and	11
	2133.47; and to repeal section 2133.22 of the	12
	Revised Code to establish procedures for the use	13
	of medical orders for life-sustaining treatment	14
	and to make changes to the laws governing DNR	15
	identification and orders.	16

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Sec	tion 1. T	hat section	ons 2133.02	, 2133.21, 2133.211,	1
2133.23,	2133.24,	2133.25,	2133.26, 3	795.03, and 4730.09 be	18
amended;	sections	2133.211	(2133.23),	2133.23 (2133.24), 21	33.24

S. B. No. 165
Page 2
As Introduced

(2133.25), 2133.25 (2133.26), and 2133.26 (2133.27) be amended	20
for the purpose of adopting	new section numbers as shown in	21
parentheses; and new sectio	n 2133.22 and sections 2133.28,	22
2133.29, 2133.30, 2133.31,	2133.32, 2133.33, 2133.34, 2133.35,	23
2133.36, 2133.37, 2133.38,	2133.39, 2133.40, 2133.41, 2133.42,	24
2133.43, 2133.44, 2133.45,	2133.46, and 2133.47 of the Revised	25
Code be enacted to read as	follows:	26

Sec. 2133.02. (A) (1) An adult who is of sound mind 27 voluntarily may execute at any time a declaration governing the 28 29 use or continuation, or the withholding or withdrawal, of lifesustaining treatment. The declaration shall be signed at the end 30 by the declarant or by another individual at the direction of 31 the declarant, state the date of its execution, and either be 32 witnessed as described in division (B)(1) of this section or be 33 acknowledged by the declarant in accordance with division (B)(2) 34 of this section. The declaration may include a designation by 3.5 the declarant of one or more persons who are to be notified by 36 the declarant's attending physician at any time that life-37 sustaining treatment would be withheld or withdrawn pursuant to 38 the declaration. The declaration may include a specific 39 authorization for the use or continuation or the withholding or 40 withdrawal of CPR, but the failure to include a specific 41 authorization for the withholding or withdrawal of CPR does not 42 preclude the withholding or withdrawal of CPR in accordance with 43 sections 2133.01 to 2133.15 or sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 44 2133.29 of the Revised Code. 45

(2) Depending upon whether the declarant intends the

declaration to apply when the declarant is in a terminal

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condition, in a permanently unconscious state, or in either a

terminal condition or a permanently unconscious state, the

declarant's declaration shall use either or both of the terms

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"terminal condition" and "permanently unconscious state" and	51
shall define or otherwise explain those terms in a manner that	52
is substantially consistent with the provisions of section	53
2133.01 of the Revised Code.	54
(2) (a) TE a declarate the best cuthouted the withhelding	EE
(3) (a) If a declarant who has authorized the withholding	55
or withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment intends that the	56
declarant's attending physician withhold or withdraw nutrition	57
or hydration when the declarant is in a permanently unconscious	58
state and when the nutrition and hydration will not or no longer	59
will serve to provide comfort to the declarant or alleviate the	60
declarant's pain, then the declarant shall authorize the	61
declarant's attending physician to withhold or withdraw	62
nutrition or hydration when the declarant is in the permanently	63
unconscious state by doing both of the following in the	64
declaration:	65
(i) Including a statement in capital letters or other	66
conspicuous type, including, but not limited to, a different	67
font, bigger type, or boldface type, that the declarant's	68
attending physician may withhold or withdraw nutrition and	69
hydration if the declarant is in a permanently unconscious state	70
and if the declarant's attending physician and at least one	71
other physician who has examined the declarant determine, to a	72
reasonable degree of medical certainty and in accordance with	73
reasonable medical standards, that nutrition or hydration will	74
not or no longer will serve to provide comfort to the declarant	75
or alleviate the declarant's pain, or checking or otherwise	76
marking a box or line that is adjacent to a similar statement on	77
a printed form of a declaration;	78

(ii) Placing the declarant's initials or signature79underneath or adjacent to the statement, check, or other mark80

described in division (A)(3)(a)(i) of this section.

(b) Division (A)(3)(a) of this section does not apply to
the extent that a declaration authorizes the withholding or
withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment when a declarant is in a
terminal condition. The provisions of division (E) of section
2133.12 of the Revised Code pertaining to comfort care shall
apply to a declarant in a terminal condition.

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- (B)(1) If witnessed for purposes of division (A) of this section, a declaration shall be witnessed by two individuals as described in this division in whose presence the declarant, or another individual at the direction of the declarant, signed the declaration. The witnesses to a declaration shall be adults who are not related to the declarant by blood, marriage, or adoption, who are not the attending physician of the declarant, and who are not the administrator of any nursing home in which the declarant is receiving care. Each witness shall subscribe the witness' signature after the signature of the declarant or other individual at the direction of the declarant and, by doing so, attest to the witness' belief that the declarant appears to be of sound mind and not under or subject to duress, fraud, or undue influence. The signatures of the declarant or other individual at the direction of the declarant under division (A) of this section and of the witnesses under this division are not required to appear on the same page of the declaration.
- (2) If acknowledged for purposes of division (A) of this
 section, a declaration shall be acknowledged before a notary
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 public, who shall make the certification described in section
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 147.53 of the Revised Code and also shall attest that the
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 declarant appears to be of sound mind and not under or subject
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 to duress, fraud, or undue influence.

(C) An attending physician, or other health care personnel	111
acting under the direction of an attending physician, who is	112
furnished a copy of a declaration shall make it a part of the	113
declarant's medical record and, when section 2133.05 of the	114
Revised Code is applicable, also shall comply with that section.	115
(D)(1) Subject to division (D)(2) of this section, an	116
attending physician of a declarant or a health care facility in	117
which a declarant is confined may refuse to comply or allow	118
compliance with the declarant's declaration on the basis of a	119
matter of conscience or on another basis. An employee or agent	120
of an attending physician of a declarant or of a health care	121
facility in which a declarant is confined may refuse to comply	122
with the declarant's declaration on the basis of a matter of	123
conscience.	124
(2) If an attending physician of a declarant or a health	125
care facility in which a declarant is confined is not willing or	126
not able to comply or allow compliance with the declarant's	127
declaration, the physician or facility promptly shall so advise	128
the declarant and comply with the provisions of section 2133.10	129
of the Revised Code, or, if the declaration has become operative	130
as described in division (A) of section 2133.03 of the Revised	131
Code, shall comply with the provisions of section 2133.10 of the	132
Revised Code.	133
(E) As used in this section, "CPR" has the same meaning as	134
in section 2133.21 of the Revised Code.	135
Sec. 2133.21. As used in this section and sections 2133.21	136
<u>2133.22</u> to <u>2133.26</u> <u>2133.29</u> of the Revised Code, unless the	137
context clearly requires otherwise:	138
(A) "Attending physician" means the physician to whom a	139

person, or the family of a person, has assigned primary	140
responsibility for the treatment or care of the person or, if	141
the person or the person's family has not assigned that	142
responsibility, the physician who has accepted that	143
responsibility.	144
(B) "CPR" means cardiopulmonary resuscitation or a	145
component of cardiopulmonary resuscitation, but it does not	146
include clearing a person's airway for a purpose other than as a	147
component of CPR.	148
(C) "Declaration," "health care facility," "life-	149
sustaining treatment," "physician," "professional disciplinary	150
action," and "tort action" have the same meanings as in section-	151
2133.01 of the Revised Codemeans a document executed in	152
accordance with section 2133.02 of the Revised Code.	153
(C) (D) "DNR identification" means a standardized	154
identification card, form, necklace, or bracelet that is of	155
uniform size and design, that has been approved by the	156
department of health pursuant to <u>former</u> section 2133.25 of the	157
Revised Code, and that signifies either at least one of the	158
following:	159
(1) That the person who is named on and possesses the	160
card, form, necklace, or bracelet has executed a declaration	161
that authorizes the withholding or withdrawal of CPR and that	162
has not been revoked pursuant to section 2133.04 of the Revised	163
Code;	164
(2) That the attending physician of the person who is	165
named on and possesses the card, form, necklace, or bracelet has	166
issued a current do-not-resuscitate order, in accordance with-	167
the do-not-resuscitate protocol adopted by the department of	168

health pursuant to section 2133.25 of the Revised Code, for that	169
person and has documented the grounds for the order in that	170
person's medical record;	171
(3) That an issuing practitioner has completed a MOLST_	172
form that has not been revoked as described in section 2133.38	173
of the Revised Code.	174
(D)—(E) "Do-not-resuscitate order" means a written	175
directive issued by a physician prior to or not later than six	176
months after the effective date of this amendment in accordance	177
with the do-not-resuscitate protocol that identifies a person	178
and specifies that CPR should not be administered to the person	179
so identified.	180
(E) (F) "Do-not-resuscitate protocol" means the	181
standardized method of procedure for the withholding of CPR by	182
physicians, emergency medical service services personnel, and	183
health care facilities that <u>is was</u> adopted in the rules of the	184
department of health pursuant to <u>former</u> section 2133.25 of the	185
Revised Code.	186
(F) (G) "Emergency medical services personnel" means paid	187
or volunteer firefighters; law enforcement officers; or any of	188
the following defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code or	189
described in section 4765.011 of the Revised Code: first	190
responders, emergency medical technicians basic responders,	191
emergency medical technicians intermediate technicians, advanced	192
emergency medical technicians paramedictechnicians, medical	193
technicians, or other emergency services personnel acting within	194
the ordinary course of their professionparamedics. "Emergency	195
services person" is the singular of "emergency services	196
personnel."	197

(G) "CPR" means cardiopulmonary resuscitation or a	198
component of cardiopulmonary resuscitation, but it does not	199
include clearing a person's airway for a purpose other than as a	200
component of CPR.	201
(H) "Health care facility," "life-sustaining treatment,"	202
"physician," "professional disciplinary action," and "tort	203
action" have the same meanings as in section 2133.01 of the	204
Revised Code.	205
(I) "Issuing practitioner" has the same meaning as in	206
section 2133.30 of the Revised Code.	207
(J) "MOLST form" means the form specified in section	208
2133.31 of the Revised Code.	209
Sec. 2133.22. Nothing in sections 2133.23 to 2133.29 of	210
the Revised Code condones, authorizes, or approves of mercy	211
killing, assisted suicide, or euthanasia.	212
Sec. 2133.211 2133.23. A person who holds a certificate of	213
authority to practice as a certified nurse practitioner or	214
clinical nurse specialist issued under section 4723.42 of the	215
Revised Code , or physician assistant may take any action that	216
may be taken by an attending physician under sections 2133.21	217
<u>2133.22</u> to <u>2133.26</u> <u>2133.29</u> of the Revised Code and has the	218
immunity provided by section 2133.22 2133.28 of the Revised Code	219
if, as applicable, the action is taken pursuant to a standard	220
care arrangement with a collaborating physician, a physician	221
supervisory plan approved under section 4730.17 of the Revised	222
Code, or the policies of the health care facility in which the	223
physician assistant is practicing.	224
A person who holds a certificate to practice as a	225

Code may take any action that may be taken by an attending	227
physician under sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised Code-	228
and has the immunity provided by section 2133.22 of the Revised	229
Code if the action is taken pursuant to a physician supervisory	230
plan approved pursuant to section 4730.17 of the Revised Code or	231
the policies of a health care facility in which the physician	232
assistant is practicing.	233
Sec. 2133.23 2133.24. (A) If emergency medical services	234
personnel, other than physicians, are presented with DNR	235
identification possessed by a person or are presented with a	236
written do-not-resuscitate order for a person or if a physician	237
directly issues to emergency medical services personnel, other	238
than physicians, an oral do-not-resuscitate order for a person,	239
the emergency medical—services personnel shall comply with the	240
do-not-resuscitate protocol for the person. If an oral do-not-	241
resuscitate order is issued by a physician who is not present at	242
the scene, the emergency medical services personnel shall verify	243
the physician's identity instructions signified by the DNR	244
identification or in the do-not-resuscitate order.	245
(B) If a person possesses DNR identification and if the	246
person's attending physician or the health care facility in	247
which the person is located is unwilling or unable to comply	248
with the do-not-resuscitate protocol for the person instructions	249
signified by the person's DNR identification or in the do-not-	250
resuscitate order, the attending physician or the health care	251
facility shall not prevent or attempt to prevent, or	252
unreasonably delay or attempt to delay, the transfer of the	253
person to a different physician who will follow the protocol	254
<u>instructions</u> or to a different health care facility in which the	255

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protocol_instructions_will be followed.

(C) If a person who being transferred from one health care	257
facility to another possesses DNR identification or for whom a	258
current, has executed a declaration, or is the subject of a do-	259
not-resuscitate order <u>that</u> has been issued is being transferred	260
from one health care facility to another, before or at the time-	261
of the transfer, the transferring health care facility shall	262
notify the receiving health care facility and the persons	263
transporting the person of the existence of the DNR	264
identification—or the order, declaration, or do-not-resuscitate	265
order. The notice shall be given before or at the time of the	266
transfer. If a current do-not-resuscitate order was issued-	267
orally, it shall be reduced to writing before the time of the	268
transfer. The DNR identification or the order , declaration, or	269
do-not-resuscitate order shall accompany the person to the	270
receiving health care facility and shall remain in effect unless	271
it is revoked or unless, in the case of a do-not-resuscitate	272
order, the order no longer is current.	273
(D) If an emergency services person, a physician, or a	274
health care facility is aware that a person's DNR identification	275
signifies that the person is the subject of a MOLST form, the	276
emergency services person, physician, or health care facility	277
shall comply with sections 2133.30 to 2133.47 of the Revised	278
Code.	279
<u> </u>	273
Sec. 2133.24 2133.25. (A) The death of a person resulting	280
from the withholding or withdrawal of CPR for from the person	281
pursuant to the do-not-resuscitate protocol and in the	282
circumstances described in section 2133.22 of the Revised Code	283
instructions in a declaration executed by the person, a do-not-	284
resuscitate order that has been issued for the person, or	285
pursuant to instructions that form the basis of the person's DNR	286
identification or in accordance with division (A) of section	287

2133.23 of the Revised Code does not constitute for any purpose	288
a suicide, aggravated murder, murder, or any other homicide.	289
(B)(1) If a person has executed a declaration, a do-not-	290
resuscitate order has been issued for the person, or the person	291
possesses DNR identification or if a current do-not-resuscitate	292
order has been issued for a person, the existence of the	293
declaration, do-not-resuscitate order, or the possession or	294
order of the DNR identification shall not do either of the	295
following:	296
(a) Affect in any manner the sale, procurement, issuance,	297
or renewal of a policy of life insurance or annuity,	298
notwithstanding any term of a policy or annuity to the contrary;	299
(b) Be deemed to modify in any manner or invalidate the	300
terms of any policy of life insurance or annuity that is in	301
effect on the effective date of this section.	302
(2) Notwithstanding any term of a policy of life insurance	303
or annuity to the contrary, the withholding or withdrawal of CPR	304
from a person who is insured or covered under the policy or	305
annuity and who possesses DNR identification—or for whom a	306
current do-not-resuscitate order has been issued, in accordance	307
with sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised Code, who has	308
executed a declaration, or for whom a do-not-resuscitate order	309
<pre>has been issued shall not impair or invalidate any policy of</pre>	310
life insurance or annuity.	311
(3) Notwithstanding any term of a policy or plan to the	312
contrary, neither of the following shall impair or invalidate	313
any policy of health insurance or other health care benefit	314
plan:	315

(a) The withholding or withdrawal in accordance with

sections 2133.21 to $\frac{2133.26}{2133.29}$ of the Revised Code of CPR	317
from a person who is insured or covered under the policy or plan	318
and who possesses DNR identification or for whom a current do-	319
not-resuscitate order has been issued, who has executed a	320
declaration, or for whom a do-not-resuscitate order has been	321
<pre>issued;</pre>	322
(b) The provision in accordance with sections 2133.21 to	323
2133.26 2133.29 of the Revised Code of CPR to a person of the	324
nature described in division (B)(3)(a) of this section.	325
(4) No physician, health care facility, other health care	326
provider, person authorized to engage in the business of	327
insurance in this state under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code,	328
health insuring corporation, other health care benefit plan,	329
legal entity that is self-insured and provides benefits to its	330
employees or members, or other person shall require an	331
individual to possess DNR identification, execute a declaration,	332
or have a do-not-resuscitate order issued, or shall require an	333
individual to revoke or refrain from possessing DNR	334
identification, as a condition of being insured or of receiving	335
health care benefits or services.	336
(C)(1) Sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 <u>2133.29</u> of the Revised	337
Code do not create any presumption concerning the intent of an	338
individual who does not possess DNR identification with respect	339
to the use, <u>continuation</u> , withholding, or withdrawal of CPR.	340
(2) Sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 <u>2133.29</u> of the Revised	341
Code do not affect the right of a person to make informed	342
decisions regarding the use, continuation, withholding, or	343
withdrawal of CPR for the person as long as the person is able	344
to make those decisions.	345

(3) Sections 2133.21 to $\frac{2133.26}{2133.29}$ of the Revised	346
Code are in addition to and independent of, and do not limit,	347
impair, or supersede, any right or responsibility that a person	
has to effect the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining	
treatment to another pursuant to sections 2133.01 to 2133.15 or	
sections 2133.30 to 2133.47 of the Revised Code or in any other	351
lawful manner.	352
(D) Nothing in sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised	353
Code condones, authorizes, or approves of mercy killing,	354
assisted suicide, or euthanasia.	355
0122 05 0122 06 (7) The december of health h	256
Sec. 2133.25 2133.26. (A) The department of health, by	356
rule adopted pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall-	357
adopt a standardized method of procedure for the withholding of	358
CPR by physicians, emergency medical services personnel, and	359
health care facilities in accordance with sections 2133.21 to	360
2133.26 of the Revised Code. The standardized method shall	361
specify criteria for determining when a do not resuscitate order	362
issued by a physician is current. The standardized method so	363
adopted shall be the "do-not-resuscitate protocol" for purposes-	364
of sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised Code. The	365
department also shall approve one or more standard forms of DNR	366
identification to be used throughout this state and shall	367
specify one or more procedures for revoking the forms of	368
identification.	369
(B) The department of health shall adopt rules in	370
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for the	371
administration of sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 of the Revised	372
CodeThe do-not-resuscitate protocol adopted by the department in	373
rules adopted under former section 2133.25 of the Revised Code	374
is effective only for do-not-resuscitate orders issued on a date	375

that is not later than six months after the effective date of	376
this amendment. The criteria for determining when a do-not-	377
resuscitate order is current apply only to orders issued before	378
that date.	379
(C) The department of health shall appoint an advisory	380
committee to advise the department in the development of rules-	381
under this section. The advisory committee shall include, but	382
shall not be limited to, representatives of each of the	383
following organizations:	384
(1) The association for hospitals and health systems	385
(OHA);	386
(2) The Ohio state medical association;	387
(3) The Ohio chapter of the American college of emergency	388
physicians;	389
(4) The Ohio hospice organization;	390
(5) The Ohio council for home care;	391
(6) The Ohio health care association;	392
(7) The Ohio ambulance association;	393
(8) The Ohio medical directors association;	394
(9) The Ohio association of emergency medical services;	395
(10) The bioethics network of Ohio;	396
(11) The Ohio nurses association;	397
(12) The Ohio academy of nursing homes;	398
(13) The Ohio association of professional firefighters;	399
(14) The department of developmental disabilities;	400

(15) The Ohio osteopathic association;	401
(16) The association of Ohio philanthropic homes, housing	402
and services for the aging;	403
(17) The catholic conference of Ohio;	404
(18) The department of aging;	405
(19) The department of mental health and addiction-	406
services;	407
(20) The Ohio private residential association;	408
(21) The northern Ohio fire fighters association.	409
Sec. 2133.26 2133.27. (A) (1) No physician shall purposely	410
prevent or attempt to prevent, or delay or unreasonably attempt	411
to delay, the transfer of a patient in violation of division (B)	412
of section 2133.23 2133.24 of the Revised Code.	413
(2) No person shall purposely conceal, cancel, deface, or	414
obliterate the DNR identification of another person without the	415
consent of the other person.	416
(3) No person shall purposely falsify or forge a	417
revocation of a declaration that is the basis of the DNR	418
identification of another person or purposely falsify or forge	419
an order of a physician that purports to supersede a do-not-	420
resuscitate order issued for another person.	421
(4) No person shall purposely falsify or forge the DNR	422
identification of another person with the intent to cause the	423
use, withholding, or withdrawal of CPR for the other person.	424
(5) No person who has personal knowledge that another	425
person has revoked a declaration that is the basis of the other	426
person's DNR identification or personal knowledge that a	427

physician has issued an order that supersedes a do not	428
resuscitate order that the physician issued for another person-	429
Neither of the following shall purposely conceal or withhold	430
that personal knowledge with the intent to cause the use,	
withholding, or withdrawal of CPR for the other person:	432
(a) A person who has personal knowledge that another	433
person has revoked a declaration that is the basis of the other	434
<pre>person's DNR identification;</pre>	435
(b) A person who has personal knowledge that a physician	436
has issued an order that supersedes a do-not-resuscitate order	437
that the physician issued for another person.	438
(B)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (5) of this	439
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	440
(2) Whoever violates division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of this	441
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	442
Sec. 2133.28. (A) Regarding the withholding or withdrawal	443
of CPR from a person after DNR identification is discovered in	444
the person's possession and reasonable efforts have been made to	445
determine that the person in possession of the DNR	446
identification is the person named on the identification, none	447
of the following shall be subject to criminal prosecution,	448
liable in damages in a tort or other civil action for injury,	449
death, or loss to person or property, or subject to professional	450
disciplinary action arising out of or relating to the	451
withholding or withdrawal of CPR from that person under those	452
circumstances if the withholding or withdrawal is in accordance	453
with the instructions signified by the DNR identification:	454
(1) The health care facility in which the person is	455
present, the administrator of that facility, and any person who	456

works for the facility as an employee or contractor, or who	457
volunteers at the health care facility, and who participates	458
under the direction of or with the authorization of a physician	
in the withholding or withdrawal of CPR from the person	
possessing the DNR identification;	461
(2) A physician who causes the withholding or withdrawal	462
of CPR from a person who possesses DNR identification;	463
(3) Any emergency services person who causes or	464
participates in the withholding or withdrawal of CPR from the	465
person possessing the DNR identification.	466
(B) If, after DNR identification is discovered in the	467
possession of a person, the person makes an oral or written	468
request to receive CPR, any person who provides CPR pursuant to	
the request, any health care facility in which CPR is provided,	
and the administrator of any health care facility in which CPR	
is provided are not subject to criminal prosecution as a result	
of the provision of CPR, are not liable in damages in tort or	473
other civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or	474
property that arises out of or is related to the provision of	475
CPR, and are not subject to professional disciplinary action as	476
a result of the provision of CPR.	477
Sec. 2133.29. (A) In an emergency situation, emergency	478
services personnel are not required to search a person to	479
determine if the person possesses DNR identification. If	480
emergency services personnel or emergency department personnel	481
provide CPR to a person in possession of DNR identification in	482
an emergency situation, and if, at that time, the personnel do	483
not know and do not have reasonable cause to believe that the	484
person possesses DNR identification, the emergency services	485
personnel and emergency department personnel are not subject to	486

criminal prosecution as a result of the provision of the CPR,	487
are not liable in damages in tort or other civil action for	488
injury, death, or loss to person or property that arises out of	489
or is related to the provision of CPR, and are not subject to	490
professional disciplinary action as a result of the provision of	491
CPR.	492
(B) Nothing in this section or sections 2133.21 to 2133.29	493
of the Revised Code grants immunity to a physician for issuing a	494
do-not-resuscitate order that is contrary to reasonable medical	495
standards or that the physician knows or has reason to know is	496
contrary to the wishes of the patient or of a person who is	497
authorized to make informed medical decisions on the patient's	498
behalf.	499
Sec. 2133.30. As used in this section and sections 2133.31	500
to 2133.47 of the Revised Code:	501
(A) "Artificially administered hydration" means fluids	502
that are technologically administered.	503
(B) "Artificially administered nutrition" means sustenance	504
that is technologically administered.	505
(C) "Attending physician" means the physician to whom a	506
patient or patient's family has assigned primary responsibility	507
for the medical treatment or care of the patient or, if the	508
responsibility has not been assigned, the physician who has	509
accepted that responsibility.	510
(D) "Certified nurse practitioner" and "clinical nurse	511
specialist" have the same meanings as in section 4723.01 of the	512
Revised Code.	513
(E) "Comfort care" means any of the following:	514

(1) Nutrition when administered to diminish pain or	515
discomfort, but not to postpone death;	516
(2) Hydration when administered to diminish pain or	517
discomfort, but not to postpone death;	518
(3) Any other medical or nursing procedure, treatment,	519
intervention, or other measure that is taken to diminish pain or	520
discomfort, but not to postpone death.	521
(F) "CPR" has the same meaning as in section 2133.21 of	522
the Revised Code.	523
(G) "Declaration" means a document executed in accordance	524
with section 2133.02 of the Revised Code.	525
(H) "DNR identification" and "do-not-resuscitate order"_	526
have the same meanings as in section 2133.21 of the Revised Code.	527 528
<u>code.</u>	520
(I) "Durable power of attorney for health care" means a	529
document created pursuant to sections 1337.11 to 1337.17 of the	530
Revised Code.	531
(J) "Emergency services personnel" has the same meaning as	532
in section 2133.21 of the Revised Code.	533
(K) "Form preparer" means the issuing practitioner who	534
completes and signs a medical orders for life-sustaining	535
treatment form or the individual who completes the form pursuant	536
to the practitioner's delegation and for the practitioner's	537
signature.	538
<u>Signature:</u>	330
(L) "Guardian" has the same meaning as in section 2133.01	539
of the Revised Code.	540
(M) "Health care facility" means any of the following:	541

(1) A health care facility, as defined in section 1337.11	542
of the Revised Code;	543
(2) An ambulatory surgical facility, as defined in section	544
3702.30 of the Revised Code;	545
5702.30 Of the Revised Code,	343
(3) A residential care facility, as defined in section	546
3721.01 of the Revised Code;	547
(4) A freestanding dialysis center.	548
(N) "Issuing practitioner" means a physician, physician	549
assistant, certified nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse	550
specialist who issues medical orders for life-sustaining	551
treatment for a patient by signing as the issuing practitioner	552
on the medical orders for life-sustaining treatment form for the	553
patient.	554
(O) "Life-sustaining treatment" means any medical	555
procedure, treatment, intervention, or other measure that, when	556
administered to a patient, is intended to serve principally to	557
prolong the process of dying.	558
<u>producting one product of all all all all all all all all all al</u>	
(P) "Medical orders for life-sustaining treatment" means	559
instructions, issued by a physician, physician assistant,	560
certified nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist,	561
regarding how a patient should be treated with respect to	562
hospitalization, administration or withdrawal of life-sustaining	563
treatment and comfort care, administration of CPR, and other	564
treatment prescribed by the Revised Code.	565
(Q) "Medical orders for life-sustaining treatment form,"	566
"MOLST form," or "form" means the form specified in section	567
2133.31 of the Revised Code.	568
(R) "Physician" means an individual authorized under	569

Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	570
surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery.	571
(S) "Physician assistant" means an individual who holds a	572
valid certificate to practice as a physician assistant issued_	573
under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code.	574
Sec. 2133.31. A medical orders for life-sustaining	575
treatment form shall be substantially in the following form. It	576
is recommended that the form's title, along with the patient's	577
identifying information (name, date of birth, last four digits	578
of social security number, and gender), appear at the top of the	579
first page of the form. It is recommended that the top of the	580
form's remaining pages include the form's title as well as the	581
patient's name and date of birth.	582
	583
MEDICAL ORDERS FOR LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT FORM	584
("MOLST FORM")	585
Patient's Name (last name, first name, and middle initial,	586
printed):	587
Patient's Date of Birth:	588
Last four digits of patient's SSN: Gender (M or F):	589
	590
The HIPAA Privacy Rule permits disclosure of this MOLST form to	591
other health care providers as necessary.	592
	593
When signed, this form supersedes all previously signed MOLST	594
forms. Comfort measures will be provided regardless of the_	595
intervention that is chosen.	596

Page 22

	597
A. CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCITATION (CPR): Individual has no pulse	598
and is not breathing. Check only one:	599
	600
[] Attempt resuscitation/CPR. Apply full treatment and	601
intervention including intubation, advanced airway	602
interventions, mechanical ventilation, defibrillation, and	603
cardioversion as indicated. Transfer to hospital or intensive	604
care unit in a hospital, as applicable (if indicated).	605
	606
[] Do NOT attempt resuscitation (DNR; do not use CPR).	607
	608
When patient is not in cardiopulmonary arrest, follow the orders	609
in sections B and C.	610
	611
B. MEDICAL INTERVENTIONS: Patient has a pulse, is breathing, or	612
both. Check only one:	613
	614
[] Comfort measures only. Use medication by any route,	615
positioning, wound care, and other measures to relieve pain and	616
suffering. Use oxygen, suction, and manual treatment of airway	617
obstruction as needed for comfort. Transfer to the appropriate	618
level of care setting to provide comfort care measures.	619
	620
Additional order/instructions:	621
	622

S. B. No. 165 As Introduced	Page 23
	623
	624
[] Limited additional interventions. Use all comfort measures	625
described above. Use medical treatment, antibiotics, intravenous	626
fluids, and cardiac monitor as indicated. Do not use intubation,	627
advanced airway interventions, or mechanical ventilation. Do not	628
use intubation, advanced airway support (e.g., CPAP or BiPAP).	629
Transfer to hospital if indicated; generally avoid intensive	630
care.	631
	632
Additional order/instructions:	633
	634
	635
	636
[] Full intervention. Use all comfort measures described above	637
as well as limited medical interventions (described above), as	638
indicated. Use intubation, advanced airway interventions,	639
mechanical ventilation, defibrillation, and cardioversion as	640
indicated. Transfer to hospital and intensive care if	641
<u>indicated</u> .	642
	643
Additional order/instructions:	644
	645
	646
	647
C. ARTIFICIALLY ADMINISTERED NUTRITION/HYDRATION	648

S. B. No. 165	Page 24
As Introduced	

	649
The administration of nutrition or hydration, or both, whether	650
orally or by invasive means, shall occur except in the event	651
that the patient is diagnosed with a terminal condition or is in	652
a permanently unconscious state, as those terms are defined in	653
Ohio Revised Code section 2133.01, and the administration of	654
nutrition or hydration becomes a greater burden than benefit to	655
the patient.	656
	657
Always offer by mouth, if feasible. Check only one in each	658
column:	659
	660
[] Long-term artificial	661
nutrition by tube feeding	662
	663
<pre>Defined trial period of</pre>	664
artificial nutrition by	665
tube feeding	666
	667
[] No artificial nutrition	668
by tube feeding	669
	670
Goals of care or additional order/instructions:	671
	672

S. B. No. 165 As Introduced	Page 25
D. AUTHORIZATION	674
Authorization name and signature belongs to (check only one):	675
[] Patient	676
[] Guardian appointed by a probate court	677
[] Attorney in fact under patient's durable power of attorney	678
for health care (attach if signed)	679
[] Next of kin as specified in Ohio Revised Code section	680
2133.08(B)	681
• <u>Spouse</u>	682
Majority of adult children (available within reasonable time)	683
• Parents	684
Majority of adult siblings (available within reasonable time)	685
• Other nearest relative (available within reasonable time)	686

[] Parent, guardian, or legal custodian of a minor	687
	688
Name (printed):	689
	690
Phone Contact:	691
	692
Signature (mandatory):	693
	694
Date Signed:	695
	696

S. B. No. 165 As Introduced	Page 26
E. SIGNATURE OF ISSUING PRACTITIONER	697
My signature in this section indicates, to the best of my_	698
knowledge, that these orders are consistent with the patient's	699
current medical condition and preferences as indicated by the	700
patient's advance directives, previous discussions with the	701
person identified in Section D., above, or both.	702
	703
Name of issuing practitioner (printed):	704
<u></u>	705
	706
Signature of Issuing Practitioner (mandatory):	707
	708
	709
Date Signed:	710
	711
License/Certificate Number:	712
	713
Phone Number:	714
	715
F. SIGNATURE OF FORM PREPARER	716
Name of Form Preparer and Credentials (printed):	717
·····	718
	719
Signature of Form Preparer (mandatory):	720

	No. 165 roduced				Page 27
<u></u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	721
					722
<u>Date</u>	signed:		Phone Number:		723
					724
G.R	EVIEW OF MOLSI	FORM			725
A MO	LST form may b	oe revoked at a	any time and in	any manner that	726
comm	unicates the i	ntent to revol	ke. A MOLST for	m does not expire	727
<u>unle</u>	ss revoked.				728
					729
		Review of thi	s MOLST Form		730
					731
	Review date	Reviewer's	Location of	Review Outcome	732
	and time	<u>name</u>	<u>review</u>		733
<u>(1)</u>				[] No change	734
				[] Revoked and	735
				new form	736
				<u>completed</u>	737
<u>(2)</u>				[] No change	738
				[] Revoked and	739
				new form	740
				<u>completed</u>	741
<u>(3)</u>				[] No change	742
				[] Revoked and	743
				new form	744
				<u>completed</u>	745
					746
<u>s</u>	SEND FORM WITH	PATIENT WHENE	VER PATIENT IS	TRANSFERRED OR	747
		DISCH	ARGED		748

Use of original form is strongly encouraged. Photocopies and	749
faxes of signed MOLST forms are legal and valid.	750
	751
The following information shall appear on one or more pages that	752
are separate from the other pages of the MOLST form:	753
	754
OHIO MOLST FORM INFORMATIONAL SUPPLEMENT	755
NOTICE TO PATIENT NAMED ON THIS FORM	756
The MOLST form is a medical order form that documents important	757
decisions regarding your health care. Your input and approval or	758
the input and approval of your legal representative (i.e., an	759
agent, guardian, next of kin, or legal custodian) concerning the	760
form's use is needed before it becomes valid. The following is	761
an information supplement to the MOLST form. Before signing the	762
form after consulting with your health care practitioner, you	763
should know the facts in the supplement.	764
	765
<u>Overview</u>	766
The MOLST form is always voluntary. It is usually for	767
individuals who are frail or experiencing advanced or	768
progressing illness. There is no requirement that you or your	769
legal representative sign a MOLST form. You will still receive	770
medical treatment regardless of whether this form is signed.	771
	772
The orders in the MOLST form are based on your medical	773
condition, preferences, and advance directives (if any) at the	774
time the orders are issued. An incomplete section of the form	775

does not invalidate the form and implies full treatment for the	776
incomplete section. The form indicates your wishes for medical	777
treatment in your current state of health. Once initial medical	778
treatment has begun and the risks and benefits of further	779
therapy are clear, your treatment wishes may change. Your	780
medical care and the form can be modified at any time to reflect	781
such changes. However, the form cannot address all medical	782
treatment decisions that may need to be made. An advance	783
directive, such as a living will (declaration) or durable power	784
of attorney for health care, is recommended for all competent	785
adults regardless of their health status. An advance directive	786
allows you to document in detail your instructions for future	787
health care and specify a health care "attorney-in-fact" or	788
agent to speak on your behalf if necessary.	789
	790
The duty of medicine is to care for you even when you cannot be	791
cured. You will be treated with dignity and respect and	792
attention will be given to your medical needs. Moral judgments	793
about the use of technology to maintain life will reflect the	794
inherent dignity of human life, the duty of medical care,	795
medical standards of practice, and your individual wishes. Use	796
of the MOLST form recognizes the possibility of natural death.	797
It does not authorize active euthanasia or physician-assisted	798
suicide.	799
	800
Implementation of the MOLST form	801
When signed, this form supersedes all previously signed MOLST	802
forms. If a health care practitioner or facility cannot comply	803
with the orders in the form due to policies or personal ethics,	804

the practitioner or facility must arrange for your transfer to	805
another practitioner or facility and provide the care that you	806
request until the transfer has been completed.	807
	808
Review of MOLST form	809
This form should be reviewed periodically, such as when you are	810
transferred from one care setting or care level to another or	811
there is a substantial change in your health status. A new MOLST	812
form should be completed if you wish to make a substantive	813
change to your treatment goals (e.g., reversal of a prior	814
order). A MOLST form that you or your representative signed will	815
be retained in your medical record pursuant to Ohio Revised Code	816
<u>section 2133.36.</u>	817
	818
Revocation of the MOLST form	819
This form may be revoked at any time and in any manner that	820
communicates the intent to revoke. If you are under 18 years of	821
age, your parent, guardian, or legal custodian may revoke a	822
MOLST form at any time and in any manner that communicates the	823
intent to revoke. A MOLST form that was revoked will be retained	824
in your medical record pursuant to Ohio Revised Code section	825
<u>2133.38.</u>	826
	827
Portability of the MOLST form	828
This form must be sent with you when you are transferred between	829
facilities or are discharged. Use of the original form is	830
strongly encouraged, although photocopies and facsimiles are	831
legal and valid. The HIPAA Privacy Rule permits disclosure of	832

the form to health care professionals for treatment purposes.	833
Sec. 2133.32. The department of health shall make a	834
version of the MOLST form available on the department's internet	835
web site. The form shall be made available in a format that can	836
be downloaded free of charge and reproduced.	837
Sec. 2133.33. A physician, physician assistant, certified	838
nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist may at any time	839
issue medical orders for life-sustaining treatment for a patient	840
by completing a MOLST form. Patients for whom medical orders for	841
life-sustaining treatment are suggested, but not required,	842
include those persons who are frail or experiencing an advanced	843
or progressive illness.	844
Once completed and signed in accordance with sections	845
2133.34 and 2133.35 of the Revised Code, a MOLST form is valid	846
and the instructions in it become operative and govern how the	847
patient who is the subject of the form is to be treated with	848
respect to hospitalization, administration or withdrawal of	849
life-sustaining treatment and comfort care, administration of	850
CPR, and any other medical treatment specified on the form.	851
At all times, the issuance of medical orders for life-	852
sustaining treatment shall be guided by prudent medical practice	853
and standards.	854
Sec. 2133.34. A completed MOLST form shall be signed as	855
<pre>follows:</pre>	856
(A) By the issuing practitioner, who shall sign and date	857
the form in the space designated for the practitioner's	858
<pre>signature;</pre>	859
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, by	860
the patient, who shall sign and date the form in the space	861

designated for the patient's signature.	862
(C)(1) If a quardian has been appointed for the patient,	863
the quardian may sign and date the form on the patient's behalf	864
in the space designated for such signature.	865
(2) If an attorney in fact under a durable power of	866
attorney for health care is making health care decisions for the	867
patient pursuant to section 1337.13 of the Revised Code, the	868
attorney in fact may sign and date the form on the patient's	869
behalf in the space designated for such signature.	870
(3) If a patient is under eighteen years of age, the	871
patient's parent, guardian, or legal custodian may sign and date	872
the form in the space designated for such signature.	873
(4) If a patient is at least eighteen years of age,	874
incapacitated, and neither division (B)(1) or (2) of this	875
section applies, an individual in the descending order of	876
priority specified in division (B)(2) to (6) of section 2133.08	877
of the Revised Code may sign and date the form on the patient's	878
behalf in the space designated for such signature.	879
(D) If the issuing practitioner has delegated to another	880
individual the responsibility for completing the form, that	881
individual shall sign and date the form in the space designated	882
for such signature.	883
Sec. 2133.35. If a parent, guardian, or legal custodian	884
signs a MOLST form for a patient under the age of eighteen years	885
of age as described in division (C)(4) of section 2133.34 of the	886
Revised Code, that individual shall not indicate instructions	887
that would result in the withholding of medically indicated	888
treatment, as defined in section 14 of the "Child Abuse	889
Prevention, Adoption, and Family Services Act of 1988," 102	890

Stat. 117 (1988), 42 U.S.C. 5106g, as amended.	891
Sec. 2133.36. A completed MOLST form shall be placed in	892
the paper or electronic medical record of the patient to whom it	893
pertains. Whether maintained as part of a paper or electronic	894
medical record, the form shall be readily available and	895
retrievable.	896
Sec. 2133.37. (A) If a patient with a MOLST form is	897
transferred from one health care facility to another health care	898
facility, the health care facility initiating the transfer shall	899
communicate the existence of, and send a copy of, the form to	900
the receiving facility prior to the transfer. The copy may be	901
sent by regular mail, facsimile, or other electronic means. A	902
copy of the form is the same as the original.	903
(B) Consistent with section 2133.36 of the Revised Code,	904
the copy of the MOLST form shall be placed in the patient's	905
medical record immediately on receipt by the receiving facility.	906
After admission, the attending physician shall review the MOLST	907
form.	908
(C) If a person who possesses a MOLST form or for whom a	909
MOLST form has been issued is treated or transferred by	910
emergency services personnel, the emergency services department	911
or unit with which the emergency services personnel is	912
affiliated shall retain a copy of the form.	913
Sec. 2133.38. The patient, the patient's authorized	914
representative described in division (C)(1), (2), or (4) of	915
section 2133.34 of the Revised Code, or if the patient is under	916
eighteen years of age, the patient's parent, guardian, or legal	917
custodian, may revoke a MOLST form at any time and in any manner	918
that communicates the intent to revoke. A revoked MOLST form	919

shall be retained in the patient's medical record.	920
Sec. 2133.39. Unless revoked in accordance with section	921
2133.38 of the Revised Code, a MOLST form does not expire.	922
Sec. 2133.40. In an emergency situation, emergency	923
services personnel are not required to search a person to	924
determine if the person is the subject of a MOLST form. If a	925
person is the subject of a MOLST form, if emergency services	926
personnel or emergency department personnel provide care to the	927
person in an emergency situation, and if, at that time, the	928
personnel do not know and do not have reasonable cause to	929
believe that the person is the subject of a MOLST form, the	930
emergency services personnel are not subject to any of the	931
following associated with providing care that is in accordance	932
with applicable law:	933
(A) Criminal prosecution;	934
(B) Liability for damages in a tort or other civil action	935
for injury, death, or loss to person or property;	936
(C) Professional disciplinary action.	937
Sec. 2133.41. Subject to division (B) of this section, no	938
health care facility, health care professional, emergency	939
services person, or other individual who provides care to a	940
person under the direction of or with the authorization of a	941
physician, physician assistant, certified nurse practitioner, or	942
clinical nurse specialist in an emergency situation, at the	943
person's residence or in public, or at a health care facility	944
shall be subject to any of the following, as applicable, if the	945
care is provided in good faith and in accordance with, or	946
otherwise complies with, a valid MOLST form or sections 2133.31	947
to 2133.47 of the Revised Code:	948

(1) Criminal prosecution;	949
(2) Liability for damages in a tort or other civil action	950
for injury, death, or loss to person or property;	951
(3) Professional disciplinary action.	952
Sec. 2133.42. The death of an individual that occurs as a	953
result of actions taken consistent with instructions in a MOLST	954
form does not constitute for any purpose a suicide, aggravated	955
murder, murder, or any other homicide.	956
Sec. 2133.43. The issuance or nonissuance of a MOLST form	957
shall not do any of the following:	958
(A) Affect in any manner the sale, procurement, issuance,	959
or renewal of a policy of life insurance or annuity,	960
notwithstanding any term of a policy or annuity to the contrary;	961
(B) Modify in any manner or invalidate the terms of a	962
policy of life insurance or annuity that is in effect on the	963
effective date of this section;	964
(C) Impair or invalidate a policy of life insurance or	965
annuity or any health benefit plan.	966
Sec. 2133.44. No physician, health care facility, other	967
health care provider, person authorized to engage in the	968
business of insurance in this state under Title XXXIX of the	969
Revised Code, health insuring corporation, other health care	970
benefit plan, legal entity that is self-insured and provides	971
benefits to its employees or members, governmental entity, or	972
other person shall require that an individual be the subject of	973
a MOLST form, or require an individual to revoke or refrain from	974
being the subject of a MOLST form, as a condition of being	975
insured or of receiving health care benefits or services	976

Sec. 2133.45. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section,	977
an attending physician of a patient or a health care facility in	978
which a patient is located may refuse to comply or allow	979
compliance with one or more instructions in a MOLST form on the	980
basis of conscience or on another basis. An employee of an	981
attending physician or of a health care facility in which a	982
patient is located may refuse to comply with one or more	983
instructions in a MOLST form on the basis of a matter of	984
conscience.	985
(B) An attending physician of a patient who, or a health	986
<pre>care facility in which a patient is confined that, is not</pre>	987
willing or not able to comply or allow compliance with one or	988
more instructions in a MOLST form shall immediately notify the	989
patient or person who has signed the MOLST form on the patient's	990
behalf under section 2133.34 of the Revised Code, and shall not	991
prevent or attempt to prevent, or unreasonably delay or attempt	992
to unreasonably delay, the transfer of the patient to the care	993
of a physician who, or a health care facility that, is willing	994
and able to so comply or allow compliance.	995
Sec. 2133.46. In the absence of actual knowledge to the	996
contrary and if acting in good faith, an attending physician,	997
other health care professional, emergency services person, or	998
health care facility may assume that a MOLST form complies with	999
sections 2133.31 to 2133.45 of the Revised Code and is valid.	1000
Sec. 2133.47. Not later than sixty months after the	1001
effective date of this section, the director of health shall	1002
appoint a MOLST task force to perform a five-year review of	1003
medical orders for life-sustaining treatment and the MOLST form.	1004
Task force members shall be, or represent, persons or government	1005
entities that have experience with medical orders for life-	1006

sustaining treatment or the MOLST form. Not later than seventy-	1007
two months after the effective date of this section, the task	1008
force shall submit a report of its findings to the general	1009
assembly in accordance with section 101.68 of the Revised Code.	1010
Members of the task force shall serve without	1011
compensation, but may be reimbursed for necessary expenses.	1012
Sec. 3795.03. Nothing in section 3795.01 or 3795.02 of the	1013
Revised Code shall do any of the following:	1014
(A) Prohibit or preclude a physician, certified nurse	1015
practitioner, certified nurse-midwife, or clinical nurse	1016
specialist who carries out the responsibility to provide comfort	1017
care to a patient in good faith and while acting within the	1018
scope of the physician's or nurse's authority from prescribing,	1019
dispensing, administering, or causing to be administered any	1020
particular medical procedure, treatment, intervention, or other	1021
measure to the patient, including, but not limited to,	1022
prescribing, personally furnishing, administering, or causing to	1023
be administered by judicious titration or in another manner any	1024
form of medication, for the purpose of diminishing the patient's	1025
pain or discomfort and not for the purpose of postponing or	1026
causing the patient's death, even though the medical procedure,	1027
treatment, intervention, or other measure may appear to hasten	1028
or increase the risk of the patient's death;	1029
(B) Prohibit or preclude health care personnel acting	1030
under the direction of a person authorized to prescribe a	1031
patient's treatment and who carry out the responsibility to	1032
provide comfort care to the patient in good faith and while	1033
acting within the scope of their authority from dispensing,	1034
administering, or causing to be administered any particular	1035
medical procedure, treatment, intervention, or other measure to	1036

the patient, including, but not limited to, personally	1037
furnishing, administering, or causing to be administered by	1038
judicious titration or in another manner any form of medication,	1039
for the purpose of diminishing the patient's pain or discomfort	1040
and not for the purpose of postponing or causing the patient's	1041
death, even though the medical procedure, treatment,	1042
intervention, or other measure may appear to hasten or increase	1043
the risk of the patient's death;	1044
(C) Prohibit or affect the use or continuation, or the	1045
withholding or withdrawal, of life-sustaining treatment, CPR, or	1046
comfort care under Chapter 2133. of the Revised Code;	1047
(D) Prohibit or affect the provision or withholding of	1048
health care, life-sustaining treatment, or comfort care to a	1049
principal under a durable power of attorney for health care or	1050
any other health care decision made by an attorney in fact under	1051
sections 1337.11 to 1337.17 of the Revised Code;	1052
(E) Affect or limit the authority of a physician, a health	1053
care facility, a person employed by or under contract with a	1054
health care facility, or emergency service personnel to provide	1055
or withhold health care to a person in accordance with	1056
reasonable medical standards applicable in an emergency	1057
situation;	1058
(F) Affect or limit the authority of a person to refuse to	1059
give informed consent to health care, including through the	1060
execution of a durable power of attorney for health care under	1061
sections 1337.11 to 1337.17 of the Revised Code, the execution	1062
of a declaration under sections 2133.01 to 2133.15 of the	1063
Revised Code, the completion of a MOLST form under sections	1064
2133.30 to 2133.47 of the Revised Code, or authorizing the	1065
withholding or withdrawal of CPR under sections 2133.21 to	1066

2133.26 <u>2133.29</u> of the Revised Code.	1067
Sec. 4730.09. (A) Under a physician supervisory plan	1068
approved under section 4730.17 of the Revised Code, a physician	1069
assistant may provide any or all of the following services	1070
without approval by the state medical board as special services:	1071
(1) Obtaining comprehensive patient histories;	1072
(2) Performing physical examinations, including audiometry	1073
screening, routine visual screening, and pelvic, rectal, and	1074
genital-urinary examinations, when indicated;	1075
(3) Ordering, performing, or ordering and performing	1076
routine diagnostic procedures, as indicated;	1077
(4) Identifying normal and abnormal findings on histories,	1078
physical examinations, and commonly performed diagnostic	1079
studies;	1080
(5) Assessing patients and developing and implementing	1081
treatment plans for patients;	1082
(6) Monitoring the effectiveness of therapeutic	1083
interventions;	1084
(7) Exercising physician-delegated prescriptive authority	1085
pursuant to a certificate to prescribe issued under this	1086
chapter;	1087
(8) Carrying out or relaying the supervising physician's	1088
orders for the administration of medication, to the extent	1089
permitted by law;	1090
(9) Providing patient education;	1091
(10) Instituting and changing orders on patient charts;	1092
(11) Performing developmental screening examinations on	1093

children with regard to neurological, motor, and mental functions;	1094 1095
(12) Performing wound care management, suturing minor lacerations and removing the sutures, and incision and drainage of uncomplicated superficial abscesses;	1096 1097 1098
(13) Removing superficial foreign bodies;	1099
(14) Administering intravenous fluids;	1100
(15) Inserting a foley or cudae catheter into the urinary bladder and removing the catheter;	1101 1102
(16) Performing biopsies of superficial lesions;	1103
(17) Making appropriate referrals as directed by the supervising physician;	1104 1105
(18) Performing penile duplex ultrasound;	1106
(19) Changing of a tracheostomy;	1107
(20) Performing bone marrow aspirations from the posterior iliac crest;	1108 1109
(21) Performing bone marrow biopsies from the posterior	1110
iliac crest;	1111
(22) Performing cystograms;	1112
(23) Performing nephrostograms after physician placement of nephrostomy tubes;	1113 1114
(24) Fitting, inserting, or removing birth control	1115
devices;	1116
(25) Removing cervical polyps;	1117
(26) Performing nerve conduction testing;	1118

(27) Performing endometrial biopsies;	1119
(28) Inserting filiform and follower catheters;	1120
(29) Performing arthrocentesis of the knee;	1121
(30) Performing knee joint injections;	1122
(31) Performing endotracheal intubation with successful completion of an advanced cardiac life support course;	1123 1124
(32) Performing lumbar punctures;	1125
(33) In accordance with rules adopted by the board, using	1126
light-based medical devices for the purpose of hair removal;	1127
(34) Administering, monitoring, or maintaining local	1128
anesthesia, as defined in section 4730.091 of the Revised Code;	1129
(35) Applying or removing a cast or splint;	1130
(36) Inserting or removing chest tubes;	1131
(37) Prescribing physical therapy or referring a patient	1132
to a physical therapist for the purpose of receiving physical	1133
therapy;	1134
(38) Ordering occupational therapy or referring a patient	1135
to an occupational therapist for the purpose of receiving	1136
occupational therapy;	1137
(39) Taking any action that may be taken by an attending	1138
physician under sections 2133.21 to 2133.26 <u>2133.29</u> of the	1139
Revised Code, as specified in section 2133.211-2133.23 of the	1140
Revised Code;	1141
(40) Determining and pronouncing death in accordance with	1142
section 4730.092 of the Revised Code;	1143
(41) Admitting patients to hospitals in accordance with	1144

section 3727.06 of the Revised Code;	1145
(42) Performing other services that are within the	1146
supervising physician's normal course of practice and expertise,	1147
if the services are included in any model physician supervisory	1148
plan approved under section 4730.06 of the Revised Code or the	1149
services are designated by the board by rule or other means as	1150
services that are not subject to approval as special services.	1151
(B) Under the policies of a health care facility, the	1152
services a physician assistant may provide are limited to the	1153
services the facility has authorized the physician assistant to	1154
provide for the facility. The services a health care facility	1155
may authorize a physician assistant to provide for the facility	1156
include the following:	1157
(1) Any or all of the services specified in division (A)	1158
of this section;	1159
(2) Assisting in surgery in the health care facility;	1160
(3) Any other services permitted by the policies of the	1161
health care facility, except that the facility may not authorize	1162
a physician assistant to perform a service that is prohibited by	1163
this chapter.	1164
Section 2. That existing sections 2133.02, 2133.21,	1165
2133.211, 2133.23, 2133.24, 2133.25, 2133.26, 3795.03, and	1166
4730.09 and section 2133.22 of the Revised Code are hereby	1167
repealed.	1168