

Daf HaYomi B'Halacha



Hilchos Kriyas Shema 64 (page 195) מתחילת סימן סד עד תחילת סימן סה



Reciting *K'riyas Shema* Out Of Order How To Make Up a Skipped Word Of *K'riyas Shema* Losing One's Place During *K'riyas Shema*



Reciting K'riyas Shema out of order

From the Torah's words, "v'hayu had'vorim ha'eileh" (and these words shall be) regarding Shema, Chazal derive that K'riyas Shema must be recited in order. This means that in each parshah, the words must be read in the same order that they appear in the Torah. If words or verses were skipped and the following verses were read, one need not begin the entire parshah anew; it is sufficient to begin rereading in proper order from the first skipped verse. The separate parshiyos should be recited in the order that they are arranged in K'riyas Shema. However, if they were read in a different order, it is b'dieved valid (although some question this).

(סימן סד, סעיף א, ס"ק א-ב, וביה"ל ד"ה במה וד"ה אף)

How to make up a skipped word of K'riyas Shema

If a verse was skipped during *K'riyas Shema*, or if it was improperly pronounced and needs to be repeated, one must return to that verse and repeat from there until the end of the parsha. If one knows that he skipped but isn't certain which verse, he must repeat from the beginning of that *parshah*. If one skipped a word or even a single letter in middle of a verse, that begins a new phrase, there are *poskim* who permit repeating merely from that phrase; others require returning to the beginning of that verse. If the skipped word or letter is in middle of a phrase, everyone requires repeating from the beginning of the verse.

(2 ,סעיף ב וס"ק ה-ו; ביאורים ומוספים דרשו,





Losing one's place during K'riyas Shema

One who finds himself reciting the phrase "uch'savtam al mezuzos beisecha u'visharecha" which appear both at the end of the first parshah of K'riyas Shema and in middle of the second parshah, and is uncertain which parshah he is reciting, should continue with the beginning of the second parshah. However, if he finds himself automatically continuing with the words "lema'an yirbu y'meichem" which appear in the second parshah, he may assume that he was holding there and continue. However, if one is reciting Shema along with the congregation, and they are all reciting together in unison, he probably is up to the same place they are and should continue along with them.

(6 עניה דוס"ה ירא ביאורים ומוספים דרשו.)

Yesterday's HIGHLIGHTS

- If the first verse of K'riyas Shema was recited without kavana, it needs to be repeated from the beginning.
- While reciting the first parshah of K'riyas Shema it is forbidden to motion or signal, even for a mitzvah purpose. Poskim disagree whether this applies even if one pauses his recitation.
- K'riyas Shema consists of three parshiyos: Shema, V'haya im shamo'a, and Vayomer. The Rishonim disagree which portions of the first two parshiyos are m'doraisa.

Tomorrow's TOPICS

- Length of time permitted to pause during K'riyas Shema
- If K'riyas Shema was interrupted with too long a pause
- If Shemoneh Esrei was interrupted with too long a pause

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Important Note: The halachic summaries are to assist you with your learning.

Before implementing halacha in practice, please refer directly to the Mishna Brura and Mussaf Dirshu.

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